

## ESE 471 Spring 2021: Homework 10

1. (10 points) *Shannon Channel Capacity*: Calculate the downlink (base station to user device) channel capacity for a cellular communication link with a bandwidth of 5 MHz. Assume SRRC pulse shaping with  $\alpha = 0.3$ . Use the path loss exponent model to compute received power  $C$  using a transmit power of 10 W at a center frequency of 2.5 GHz, a range of 2 km, with a reference distance of 10 m, a path loss exponent  $n_p = 3.5$ , transmit antenna gain of 10 dB, a receive antenna gain of  $-3$  dB, a noise equivalent temperature of  $T_{eq} = 1000K$ . Note that not all of this information may be necessary to solve this problem.
2. (10 points) *Decoding at a receiver*: Data bits were encoded at the transmitter with a  $[7,4]$  systematic linear block code. The  $S$  matrix is

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

The coded bits received from the channel are:

- (a)  $\mathbf{r} = [1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0]$
- (b)  $\mathbf{r} = [0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0]$
- (c)  $\mathbf{r} = [0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]$

For each received coded bit vector, decode the data and determine the data bits.

3. (10 points) For a particular  $(7, 11)$  block code, the generator matrix  $G$  and syndrome matrix  $S$  are,

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Determine the coded bits when the seven data bits are  $\mathbf{d} = [1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1]$ .
- (b) The coded bits  $[1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1]$  are received. Decode and determine the data bits sent.
4. (10 points) A transmitter with two antennas uses the Alamouti scheme: During the first symbol, it transmits  $s_0$  out of antenna 0 and  $s_1$  out of antenna 1. During the 2nd symbol, it transmits  $-s_1^*$  out of antenna 0 and  $s_0^*$  out of antenna 1. Both symbol values are chosen from a QPSK constellation, that is,  $s_0, s_1 \in \{1 + j, 1 - j, -1 + j, -1 - j\}$ . The receiver has one antenna, and the channels are estimated to be  $h_0 = 0.71 - 0.20j$  and  $h_1 = -0.12 + 1.49j$ . The receiver records  $r_0 = -2.12 + 2.29j$  and  $r_1 = 1.10 - 0.45j$ . What were the two transmitted symbols  $s_0$  and  $s_1$ ?
5. (10 points) A 2x2 MIMO system is transmitting two symbols  $\mathbf{s} = [s_0, s_1]^T$  that are chosen from a QPSK constellation, that is,  $s_0, s_1 \in \{1 + j, 1 - j, -1 + j, -1 - j\}$ . The received signal  $\mathbf{x} = H\mathbf{s} = [-4.2 + 5.7j, -1.4 - 1.9j]^T$ . The receiver measures the channel to be:

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 + 3.6j & -0.4 - 1.3j \\ -1.3 + 2.8j & 0.3 + 3.0j \end{bmatrix}.$$

What were the two transmitted symbols  $s_0$  and  $s_1$ ?